

PROMOTING SMSC – LEARNING AUDIT
ST MICHAEL'S FEDERATION
LYDBURY NORTH C OF E (A) PRIMARY SCHOOL – UPDATED FEBRUARY 2019
SPIRITUAL DEVELOPMENT

THE SPIRITUAL DEVELOPMENT OF PUPILS IS SHOWN BY THEIR:

- ABILITY TO BE REFLECTIVE ABOUT THEIR OWN BELIEFS, RELIGIOUS OR OTHERWISE, THAT INFORM THEIR PERSPECTIVE ON LIFE AND THEIR INTEREST IN AND RESPECT FOR DIFFERENT PEOPLE'S FAITH, FEELINGS AND VALUES
- SENSE OF ENJOYMENT AND FASCINATION IN LEARNING ABOUT THEMSELVES, OTHERS AND THE WORLD AROUND THEM
- USE OF IMAGINATION AND CREATIVITY IN THEIR LEARNING
- WILLINGNESS TO REFLECT ON THEIR EXPERIENCES.

Ofsted School Inspection Handbook January 2015 par. 131

	What do we currently do? Where would we see evidence of this? (e.g. in subjects, in policies; curriculum planning; lesson observations; collective worship; extra-curricular activities; pupil's work; SEF; governing body minutes etc)	Action: What do we need to develop? How will we do this?
1. Are pupils aware of the diversity of religious and non-religious belief in the local community and beyond?	<p>We are a Church of England School and have a strong caring Christian ethos. In December 2015 we were pleased to be given a "Outstanding" for our SIAM inspection</p> <p>Teacher's planning, visitor records, pupil's work, displays,</p>	We are always looking to broaden the cultural experiences of our children who live in a small rural community. We will do this by: visiting a range of places of worship; ask people of different faiths to visit the school and talk about their faith; establish links to multi-cultural schools.
2. Do pupils show respect for their own beliefs and the beliefs of others that may be different to their own?	<p>RE throughout the school, visits and visitors related to non-Christian religions and belief systems</p> <p>We instil in our children respect and tolerance for all. Each half term we focus on a different Christian value that we explore in our assemblies, RE and PSHE.</p> <p>We look to open the world of differing cultures and beliefs</p>	Have a multi-cultural week, look at alternative cultures to our own celebrating art, music, dance, faith, food and geographical knowledge about a range of countries. To be held Autumn 2019.

	to our children. An example would be attending an Islamic Workshop at Craven Arms.	
3. How do pupils show their interest in the awe and wonder that surrounds them?	<p>We are lucky enough to be situated in a wonderful rural location within an AONB. We fully utilise our outdoor environments. The whole school from Reception to Year 6 attend forest school sessions. Michaelmas day focusses on awe and wonder and the spirituality of our beautiful surroundings.</p> <p>Work in science in KS2 studying living things and their habitats and has involved much debate about how best to care for our environment and what is being done to protect our world.</p> <p>Further study of the Antarctic in Geography and in English texts has led to awareness of the enormity and beauty of the coldest areas of the world and the amazing creatures that it has - the great danger that the world has from global warming.</p> <p>Plastic waste awareness in the summer term 2018 provoked much discussion amongst the upper KS2 children.</p> <p>This is reflected in our art work around the school, pieces of poetry and in our RE/PSHE books. The forest school display captures the awe and wonder of our natural environment - changing with the seasons - the photographs demonstrating the enjoyment and appreciation of the forest.</p>	<p>During School Ground Week we held our assemblies outdoors - we would like to repeat this as the children responded well to this</p> <p>EYFS staff are attending the EYFS Conference in April with a focus on developing the outdoor environment</p> <p>Involvement in "Wildlife Watch" with the Shropshire Wildlife Trust this year.</p> <p>Ks2 to investigate completing the John Muir award</p> <p>Working towards our Tree Charter award</p> <p>In the summer term 2019 we are planning an environmental science week - linking with the science week topic of journeys and pathways.</p> <p>As part of our curriculum development, we are looking at how we can use the outdoor environment to support all curriculum subjects.</p>
4. How are pupils encouraged to show their creativity and imagination?	Our creative curriculum is broad and balanced and aims to take full advantage of our beautiful Shropshire hills and its environs as well as looking at contrasting environments. The children are encouraged to use their imaginations and	We are planning on developing our use of the creative curriculum further by holding creative days once a term. These will have a focus each term e.g. Summer 2019 - The

be creative. We encourage them to think for themselves and be open to the wonderful wealth of opportunities that they meet.

Drama and dance are used to enhance the curriculum. Children are encouraged to engage in imaginative role play and dramatic play from their earliest days in the Nursery. The early years environments are enhanced with puppets, costuming and artefacts that promote the expressive arts. Our approach to teaching writing also makes much use of drama and uses the illustrations from quality texts to stretch children's imaginations.

Some more complex texts, selected as part of the English curriculum, are chosen to help children to explore a range of emotional issues. We find that children are more able to discuss emotional issues in imaginary contexts that we can then help them relate to their own life experiences.

With our cluster of schools, we give the children the opportunity to attend a range of quality dramatic productions and workshops - also engaging in musical festivals. Each October the Year 5/6 children take part in workshops with the "Young Shakespeare" company - this year based on "Hamlet" The KS1 children visit the "SPARC" community facility to see a range of puppet plays - also the pantomime at Theatre Severn.

Christmas and end of year plays demonstrate our inclusive ethos- it is a time when all the children take part in productions that are much enjoyed by all members of our extended school community.

The whole school has access to specialist music teaching each week from the Shropshire Music Service. The Nursery and KS1 class have a curriculum music session; whilst KS2 have ukulele lessons. This is supplemented by individual keyboard and violin tuition. In July KS2 played at "Ukefest" in Theatre Severn. Music is used as a tool to create

Forest, Autumn 2019 - Multicultural linked to multicultural week, Spring 2020 - Emotions.

	atmosphere and mood when writing, drawing and painting.	
	Pupil's work, teacher's planning, displays around the school	
5. What opportunities are pupils given to take time out to reflect on their work or ponder on big questions or issues?	<p>During our collective worship, in our daily assemblies, we have a quiet thinking time when we think of others and pray. The children enjoy debating "Big questions! or "issues" and this results in some lively discussions. The children are taught to use the ABC system - teaching them to articulate their views well and be constructive in their supporting and opposing arguments.</p> <p>Discussion and debate are seen across many curriculum areas.</p> <p>Some of our chosen English texts tackle challenging issues e.g. the loss of a loved one - "The Ice Bear" Jackie Morris as an example.</p>	<p>We have had one successful cluster school debate. We aim to try to organise another in summer 2019</p> <p>KS2 have been introduced to stilling and we want to develop its use before our RE lessons. Staff are also keen to look at mindfulness techniques.</p>
	See SIAM files and reflections planning	
6. How does the school celebrate this aspect of development?	<p>Displays, values boards, school website,</p> <p>Emphasis is put on the "characteristics of learning" from the Nursery into the EYFS and on into KS1 and KS2. The children are constantly asked to reflect on their work and celebrate their achievements. Displays promote this work and demonstrate the importance of the development of learning behaviours across the school.</p> <p>Value displays can be seen around the school that capture work on each half term value. This term we are celebrating "compassion" and Thankfulness"</p> <p>In our celebration assemblies, we have a values award, which the children receive when they have completed an act</p>	<p>Developing class assemblies which celebrate the children's work that term. Parents will be invited to attend these.</p> <p>Upper keystage two will be taking on a greater role in church services where they are supported to design and lead the service.</p>

	<p>which demonstrates the value of the term. They are able to nominate one another for this value.</p>	
--	--	--

We have been working on our definition of "Spirituality" and are mindful of weaving this aspect of development throughout the curriculum.

THE MORAL DEVELOPMENT OF PUPILS IS SHOWN BY THEIR:

- ABILITY TO RECOGNISE THE DIFFERENCE BETWEEN RIGHT AND WRONG, READILY APPLY THIS UNDERSTANDING IN THEIR LIVES AND, IN SO DOING, RESPECT THE CIVIL AND CRIMINAL LAW OF ENGLAND
- UNDERSTANDING OF THE CONSEQUENCES OF THEIR BEHAVIOUR AND ACTIONS
- INTEREST IN INVESTIGATING AND OFFERING REASONED VIEWS ABOUT MORAL AND ETHICAL ISSUES, AND BEING ABLE TO UNDERSTAND AND APPRECIATE THE VIEWPOINTS OF OTHERS ON THESE ISSUES.

Ofsted School Inspection Handbook January 2015, par 132

	<p>What do we currently do? Where would we see evidence of this? (e.g. in subjects, in policies; curriculum planning; lesson observations; collective worship; extra-curricular activities; pupil's work; SEF; governing body minutes etc)</p>	<p>Action: What do we need to develop? How will we do this?</p>	
<p>1. Where do pupils have the opportunity to discuss rules for life and the basic idea of right and wrong?</p>	<p>We are a caring Christian school and our ethos is reflected in all that we do in our school. Behaviour in school is good and the children have an excellent understanding of the expectations of our school.</p> <p>They take a collective responsibility. The field, playground and forest areas all have agreed rules. Each term these are refreshed and discussed with the children.</p> <p>The school has a school council which debates issues that the children have raised and plan charity events for the school.</p> <p>Our Federation commemoration of the First World War culminating in a display of expressive art work in the village</p>		

	<p>hall and school remembrance service was a very moving event - much feedback from the local community.</p> <p>During our half term focus on studying the war with KS2 there was much moral debate about the rights and wrongs of war which led to some really deep discussions and moving poetry.</p>	
<p>2. What input do pupils have into school policies and practice around behaviour?</p>	<p>Each year anti bullying week is a focus and the children are reminded of the importance of sharing their worries and being a good friend. We stress "It's good to be different and we are all equal" This year's theme of "Respect for all" re visited these ideas. E safety is an area that is given emphasis during each school year. NSPCC workshops every other year reinforce this work also.</p> <p>Each class has a set of class rules and each child is aware of how to care for the class environments. These are developed each term with the children and agreed sanctions and rewards are put in place. The children all sign up to this classroom code. The children all work towards collective class rewards for a special treat or event for their class - giving them collective responsibility.</p> <p>School council records/minutes, behaviour policy, anti-bullying policy, pupil charter</p>	
<p>3. How does the school judge pupil behaviour in lessons and around the school?</p>	<p>We judge the behaviour of the children to be good. We have high expectations of behaviour at all times.</p> <p>We have revised and updated our behaviour policy along with the anti-bullying and equality policies - also updating our Home/School Agreement.</p>	

<p>4. Where do pupils explore moral and ethical issues appropriate to their age in the curriculum?</p>	<p>Moral and ethical issues are debated within our RE and PSHE lessons; but also, across the curriculum. Our English curriculum also includes books from the CPLE website that have strong moral and ethical issues especially for KS2 children and the children enjoy exploring these in English lessons.</p> <p>As a federation we think it is important for the children to raise money for other children less fortunate than themselves. They always enjoy the annual/biannual fundraising fun associated with "Children in Need" and "Comic Relief" and these are part of our school calendar. We also like to focus on local charities -last summer "Oak Class" raised money for riding for the disabled. During advent we collected donations for our local food bank.</p>	
<p>5. How does the school celebrate the diversity of pupils' views on these moral and ethical issues?</p>	<p>Pupil's work, planning etc. Involvement with charity work</p> <p>Collective worship and RE/PSHE focussed lessons are good opportunities for moral debate. Planned debates in teacher planning each term - website Pupil's work, displays, school website</p>	

**PROMOTING SMSC - LEARNING AUDIT
SOCIAL DEVELOPMENT**

THE SOCIAL DEVELOPMENT OF PUPILS IS SHOWN BY THEIR:

- USE OF A RANGE OF SOCIAL SKILLS IN DIFFERENT CONTEXTS, INCLUDING WORKING AND SOCIALISING WITH PUPILS FROM DIFFERENT RELIGIOUS, ETHNIC AND SOCIO-ECONOMIC BACKGROUNDS
- WILLINGNESS TO PARTICIPATE IN A VARIETY OF COMMUNITIES AND SOCIAL SETTINGS, INCLUDING BY VOLUNTEERING, COOPERATING WELL WITH OTHERS AND BEING ABLE TO RESOLVE CONFLICTS EFFECTIVELY
- ACCEPTANCE AND ENGAGEMENT WITH THE FUNDAMENTAL BRITISH VALUES OF DEMOCRACY, THE RULE OF LAW, INDIVIDUAL LIBERTY AND MUTUAL RESPECT AND TOLERANCE OF THOSE WITH DIFFERENT FAITHS AND BELIEFS; THE PUPILS DEVELOP AND DEMONSTRATE SKILLS AND ATTITUDES THAT WILL ALLOW THEM TO PARTICIPATE FULLY IN AND CONTRIBUTE POSITIVELY TO LIFE IN MODERN BRITAIN.

Ofsted School Inspection Handbook January 2015, par 133

	What do we currently do? Where would we see evidence of this? (e.g. in subjects, in policies; curriculum planning; lesson observations; collective worship; extra-curricular activities; pupil's work; SEF; governing body minutes etc)	Action: What do we need to develop? How will we do this?
1. What opportunities are provided for pupils to mix outside their normal groupings?	<p>We are a very small school - like a rather large friendly family really! We often work in family groupings and the older members of the school look after the younger members very well.</p> <p>We are part of a federation of two small primary schools and so the children can meet with their peers from their partner school. Nursery, KS1 and KS2 classes all go on trips together. KS1 and KS2 also take part in joint workshops and special event days; visiting each other's schools. Each year the schools go on a residential visit together - last year it was four days in York and this year a three day visit to "Arthog" taking part in a range of outdoor pursuits.</p> <p>In KS2 the children have had discussions about how unique our school is and what it would be like to be in a larger school - children who have come from larger schools have shared their experiences too, explaining how it is the same or different</p>	<p>We are always eager to form links with other schools and work together on different projects.</p>

<p>2. What opportunities are provided for pupils to engage with wider communities in the local area and beyond?</p>	<p>We are part of the "South West Shropshire Learning Trust" which is a cluster of three federations, three academy schools and the feeder secondary. Throughout the year the children take part in sports festivals, transition days and workshop sessions. We had a celebration day where all ten schools took part in sports and design and technology workshops.</p> <p>Each year the Year 6/7 children have a joint transition day. In 2016 it was a visit to Worcester University (another partner of the SWSLT.) In 2017 there was a 6/7 outward bound day.</p> <p>We also have close links with Ludlow Secondary Academy and take part in a range of sporting events and festivals at the school.</p> <p>Each year we enter the design and technology competition with "Young Engineers" - winning the trophy in Summer 2018. This school year the Year 6 children have been chosen to work with engineers, each week, to build a kit car that they will drive in a national competition in the summer (currently the car is taking shape in a corner of the hall, but we will need to find a shed to store it as it nears completion.</p> <p>We have links with "Classroom in the Clouds" that support schools in Nepal.</p>	<p>We are planning a science link with University of Aberystwyth in the summer term.</p>
<p>3. How are pupils made aware of keeping themselves safe in a variety of contexts?</p>	<p>In PSHE we are making the children aware of what keeps themselves safe. We invite outside agencies to talk with the children - community police officers, road safety officer, Network Rail, NSPCC etc.</p> <p>Community police officers to deliver E safety, stranger danger and drug awareness sessions</p>	

	<p>KS1 road safety, stepping out for 3/4 and bike safety for 5/6 on a rolling programme</p> <p>This has been particularly important in the summer last year and spring this year with major rail and water works near the school for a number of weeks.</p> <p>E-Safety policy, termly practice audits, Respect Yourself, Safer School Award</p>	
<p>4. What provision does the school make to support the resolution of conflicts?</p>	<p>PHSE, and Values education promotes this. All staff have completed de-escalation training with Woodlands Outreach or Spectra</p> <p>Anti-bullying charter School practice and ethos</p>	
<p>5. How does the school ensure pupils are fully informed of the risks posed by radicalisation?</p>	<p>PSHE and Citizenship: PSHE and Citizenship allows the children to develop questioning techniques to open safe debate; building confidence to promote honesty about a plurality of views ensuring freedom of expression and freedom from threat; debating fundamental moral and human rights principles; promoting open respectful dialogue; affirming multiple identities. A good example of this was the very skilled and sensitive handling of the incident in Manchester whilst studying Islam enabled a very balanced view. Continue to use topical debate^[VR1] and ask the children to question and discuss issues.</p>	<p>Staff are revisiting their prevent training and introducing lockdown procedures in school - staff attending training in the summer term.</p> <p>SLT Prevent CPD March 2019</p>

	Promotion of listening to everyone's views and using Christian values to measure them by.	
6. What opportunities do pupils have to understand and participate in the democratic process?	<p>The children vote for members of the school council. Some decisions in school that affect the children are voted upon so that the decision is democratic and fair. This might be, for example, the choice of the Christmas film or what a donation might be spent on. The children are taught to respect the majority decision.</p> <p>During the general election last year KS2 held mock elections; with the children inventing their own political parties.</p> <p>In KS2 the children vote on class rewards that they have earned from earning marbles or tokens for a special half termly class reward.</p> <p>Each class displays British values and cross curricula work encompasses work on democracy and fairness. Currently our Christian values are justice and forgiveness. Upper KS2 have debated the rights of the child (UNESCO) and the freedoms we have as a democratic society to speak freely and have a vote. There has been much interest in the recent commemorations of the suffragettes.</p>	
	<p>See displays, school council notes etc.</p> <p>Unit of work on the election etc</p>	
7. How do pupils develop their understanding of life in modern Britain?	The children develop their understanding of life in modern Britain through work in PSHE, RE and Geography. We celebrate or commemorate important events in the British calendar that are national or regional events. Many of these events link with the Christian calendar and give our school its distinctive Christian character.	Give children more opportunities to study life in different areas of the UK.

	Pupil's work, displays etc.	

**PROMOTING SMSC - LEARNING AUDIT
CULTURAL DEVELOPMENT**

THE CULTURAL DEVELOPMENT OF PUPILS IS SHOWN BY THEIR:

- UNDERSTANDING AND APPRECIATION OF THE WIDE RANGE OF CULTURAL INFLUENCES THAT HAVE SHAPED THEIR OWN HERITAGE AND THAT OF OTHERS

- UNDERSTANDING AND APPRECIATION OF THE RANGE OF DIFFERENT CULTURES WITHIN SCHOOL AND FURTHER AFIELD AS AN ESSENTIAL ELEMENT OF THEIR PREPARATION FOR LIFE IN MODERN BRITAIN
- KNOWLEDGE OF BRITAIN'S DEMOCRATIC PARLIAMENTARY SYSTEM AND ITS CENTRAL ROLE IN SHAPING OUR HISTORY AND VALUES, AND IN CONTINUING TO DEVELOP BRITAIN
- WILLINGNESS TO PARTICIPATE IN AND RESPOND POSITIVELY TO ARTISTIC, SPORTING AND CULTURAL OPPORTUNITIES
- INTEREST IN EXPLORING, IMPROVING UNDERSTANDING OF AND SHOWING RESPECT FOR DIFFERENT FAITHS AND CULTURAL DIVERSITY, AND THE EXTENT TO WHICH THEY UNDERSTAND, ACCEPT, RESPECT AND CELEBRATE DIVERSITY, AS SHOWN BY THEIR TOLERANCE AND ATTITUDES TOWARDS DIFFERENT RELIGIOUS, ETHNIC AND SOCIO-ECONOMIC GROUPS IN THE LOCAL, NATIONAL AND GLOBAL COMMUNITIES.

Ofsted School Inspection Handbook January 2015, par 134

	What do we currently do? Where would we see evidence of this? (e.g. in subjects, in policies; curriculum planning; lesson observations; collective worship; extra-curricular activities; pupil's work; SEF; governing body minutes etc)	Action: What do we need to develop? How will we do this?
1. Do learners have an understanding of the religious, ethnic and socio-economic characteristics of the school community in a local, national and global context?	Local history studies, Geography, RE, Citizenship, Equal Opportunities Throughout the curriculum we give the children opportunities to contrast our small rural community with urban environments in the UK. We also look at the contrasts with rural and urban communities abroad. We are always looking for links and opportunities to broaden the experiences of our children.	Forming a link with a large urban school.
2. Do learners have the opportunity to explore the origins of diversity in the UK and how different cultures have formed the United Kingdom?	In RE and History the children study a variety of cultures. We follow the "Gloucester Sacre Syllabus" in RE alongside "Understanding Christianity" We compare and contrast the beliefs of various cultures and religions; exploring the diversity of our country. In History we follow a rolling plan of topics which studies a	Continue to look for every opportunity to learn about the diverse cultures of the United Kingdom.

	<p>variety of cultures. We have visited York and studied the Vikings, explored the Norton Hill Fort and Bury Ditches as part of our study of the iron age as examples.</p>	
<p>3. What opportunities are provided to explore different racial, ethnic, cultural and religious groups in the UK and the wider world and the similarities and differences within and between those groups?</p>	<p>RE throughout the school including visits and visitors from other faiths and belief systems, national and international school links,</p> <p>We feel that it is important to open the world to the children. We ensure that we choose texts to study from around the world and have books that reflect the different peoples of the world. We make much use of our interactive whiteboards to access images of the wider world and ignite the children's interest in finding out about our amazing world.</p>	<p>Easter Experience in March - visiting all the local Ludlow churches - workshops and Open the Book experiences for Year 5 /6 .</p>
<p>4. Can learners demonstrate a developing understanding of how diverse people, places, economies and environments in the global community are interconnected?</p>	<p>Geography, Non-European history study in KS2 KS2 looked at the Mayans and linked this with the history of chocolate; visiting Cadbury's World. The children debated the effects of commercial coco manufacture on the rainforest. Fair Trade fortnight work also highlighted many issues that were debated.</p>	<p>Refer to global events in assemblies and class debates. Task Year 5/6 with collecting news from around the world - opening up the world to the children</p> <p>"Red Nose Day" - children across the world</p>
	<p>Pupil's work, communication with partner schools, school website</p>	

<p>5. How does the school ethos enable learners to develop an understanding about the consequences of racial and religious intolerance and discrimination and the skills to challenge discrimination, including racism and violent extremism?</p>	<p>All staff have attended the prevent training. Children's safety on school visits was discussed at School Improvement committee and full governors to fully inform governors of protocols. All staff aware of guidance on keeping children safe on visits off site.</p> <p>E-Safety policy, termly practice audits, Respect Yourself, Safer School Awards</p>	<p>Unit of work for KS2 in the summer term as part of work on Year 6/7 transition.</p> <p>Staff update prevent training</p>
<p>6. Are learners provided with opportunities to develop a critical capacity that allows them to reflect on their own cultural traditions and those of others?</p>	<p>History, geography, RE, Modern Languages/Modern Foreign Languages The children are given opportunities to explore the importance of our own cultural traditions and of others that they study. For example - the importance of Remembrance Day - respect for those who died and a reminder of the awfulness of war</p> <p>The collected work from our half term First World War project captures this well.</p>	<p>Need to expand this work with Year 5/6 children</p>
<p>7. Are learners able to investigate how mathematical and scientific ideas reflect diverse cultures and traditions?</p>	<p>We study famous scientists as we study each area of science. This is an area of focus in KS2 in this academic year. We are linking up with Aberystwyth University next term.</p> <p>Planning and Pupil's work from spring term unit on light</p>	<p>Project on how scientists work Summer Term - link with Aberystwyth University</p> <p>Need to look at famous mathematicians from a variety of cultures</p>
<p>8. What opportunities are provided to explore and appreciate the art, artefacts, literature and music of different cultures?</p>	<p>Opportunities for exploring the art, artefacts, literature and music of different cultures are made throughout the curriculum. An example of this is the unit of work focussed on African stories in KS1. The children performed an African harvest dance and are looking at examples of African art and</p>	<p>Continue to explore the rich diversity of arts from a range of cultures. Look at the range of work across each class this academic year.</p> <p>Expressive arts lead - policy for arts reflecting cultural diversity in the arts.</p>

	<p>experiencing aspects of African music. They role played the "Handa's Surprise" story and have a fruit market in their classroom - exploring the tastes of unusual fruits.</p> <p>We have visited Birmingham Art Gallery and Walsall Art Gallery. The visit to Walsall was the final outcome from the "Monet" project where the children went to view their Monet painting in the gallery. A real Monet painting was lent to us for the day as part of the portraits for school's project. We held our own exhibition at "SPARC" in Bishops Castle.</p>	
	<p>Planning, Pupil's work and displays Website - Monet day</p>	
<p>9. Are learners able to explore the role of technology in sharing ideas and information and enabling people to work together in new ways to create knowledge?</p>	<p>D&T and Computing are contexts for looking at the role of technology in the sharing of our ideas; enabling people to work together in many new ways.</p> <p>Planning and pupil's work</p>	<p>Need to develop this with KS2.</p> <p>Revd. Greasley is hoping to link us up to another school in Zambia when they have internet access. Look at contrasting technologies. (some problems with installation have delayed this)</p>
<p>10. Is there an appropriate range of resources that are balanced, not tokenistic and are used effectively to show diversity?</p>	<p>Audit of books in the library shows that we have a range of books reflecting other cultures and beliefs. This should be expanded as we buy new books for our library.</p> <p>Nursery and Reception children's role play is enriched with a wider variety of cooking artefacts from other cultures.</p> <p>There are also a range of dolls and small world play figures from a range of cultures.</p>	<p>Focus on finding books that demonstrate science and maths in other cultures.</p> <p>We need to purchase come role play figures that depict disabled children.</p>

PROMOTING BRITISH VALUES - LEARNING AUDIT

- ACCEPTANCE AND ENGAGEMENT WITH THE FUNDAMENTAL BRITISH VALUES OF DEMOCRACY, THE RULE OF LAW, INDIVIDUAL LIBERTY AND MUTUAL RESPECT AND TOLERANCE OF THOSE WITH DIFFERENT FAITHS AND BELIEFS; THE PUPILS DEVELOP AND DEMONSTRATE SKILLS AND ATTITUDES THAT WILL ALLOW THEM TO PARTICIPATE FULLY IN AND CONTRIBUTE POSITIVELY TO LIFE IN MODERN BRITAIN.

Ofsted School Inspection Handbook January 2015, par 133

	What do we currently do? Where would we see evidence of this? (e.g. in subjects, in policies; curriculum planning; lesson observations; collective worship; extra-curricular activities; pupil's work; SEF; governing body minutes etc)	Action: What do we need to develop? How will we do this?
1. How do pupils gain an understanding of democracy, how it	Involvement in school council, whole school debates on an issue raised, class discussions and circle times. Ethos requires everyone to be heard and everyone's views to be	Continue work on British Parliament and how it works - possible visit to Houses of Parliament - delayed due to terrorist threat.

works and compares to systems in other countries?	listened to.	
2. What opportunities do pupils have to experience democracy at work in school or the local community?	<p>Pupil's work, UNICEF rights of the child work in assemblies</p> <p>See notes about the School Council and developing the pupil voice in decision making in school. Emphasis on being fair and taking votes with a democratic outcome that we all must agree to accept.</p> <p>School council notes, KS2 unit on recent general election</p>	<p>Ask CT to document discussions that add to this understanding - invite governors to share their experiences</p> <p>Ask SA to talk to the children when she helped with the local elections</p>
3. What does the government do to keep us safe and healthy? (Primary only)	<p>All safeguarding policies and audits up to date.</p> <p>Safeguarding and health and safety item on all staff, SLT and governor meetings</p> <p>Staff all completed training in safeguarding - updated October 2017</p> <p>PSA trained in range of aspects affecting children's mental health and well being</p> <p>Year 6 attend Safer Schools Day each summer</p> <p>Local services visit to deliver workshops in school on rolling programme</p> <p>Anti-bullying and e safety revisited on regular basis</p>	<p>Emphasis on role of government with year 5/6</p>
5. What opportunities do pupils have to explore issues relating to respect and tolerance?	<p>RE Curriculum and PSHE work focussing on values build up respect and tolerance for each other's views. This is central to our caring Christian ethos.</p> <p>Assembly planning and ethos of the school</p>	<p>Continue rolling programme of values each half term</p> <p>Capture this work for parents and governors - share values studied in curriculum information for parents and carers</p>